PrimeGene a biotechne brand

Recombinant Human Cu/Zn Superoxide Dismutase, His (rHuCu/Zn SOD, His)

PrimeGene Technical Data Sheet

Catalog Number:	401-01H
Source:	Escherichia coli.
Molecular Weight:	Approximately 39.9 kDa, a homodimer, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 2×189 amino acids with Met, Gly and $10 \times$ His at N-terminus.
Quantity:	100µg/500µg /1mg
AA Sequence:	MGHHHHHHHH HHSSGHIEGR HMTYARAAAR QARALEATKA VCVLKGDGPV
	QGIINFEQKE SNGPVKVWGS IKGLTEGLHG FHVHEFGDNT AGCTSAGPHF
	NPLSRKHGGP KDEERHVGDL GNVTADKDGV ADVSIEDSVI SLSGDHCIIG
	RTLVVHEKAD DLGKGGNEES TKTGNAGSRL ACGVIGIAQ
Purity:	> 95 % by SDS-PAGE and HPLC analyses.
Biological Activity:	Fully biologically active when compared to standard. The potency per mg was determined by pyrogallol autoxidation method and was found to be more than 1600 U/mg.
Physical Appearance:	Sterile Filtered White lyophilized (freeze-dried) powder.
Formulation:	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered concentrated solution in PBS, pH 7.4.
Endotoxin:	Less than 1 EU/µg of rHuCu/Zn SOD, His as determined by LAL method.
Reconstitution:	We recommend that this vial be briefly centrifuged prior to opening to bring the contents to the
	bottom. Reconstitute in sterile distilled water or aqueous buffer containing 0.1 % BSA to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Stock solutions should be apportioned into working aliquots and stored at \leq -20 °C. Further dilutions should be made in appropriate buffered solutions.
Shipping:	The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.
Stability & Storage:	Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	• 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
	• 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
	• 3 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
Usage:	This material is offered by Shanghai PrimeGene Bio-Tech for research, laboratory or further
	evaluation purposes. NOT FOR HUMAN USE.

Human Cu/Zn Superoxide Dismutase

Superoxide dismutase catalyzes the reaction between superoxide anions and hydrogen to yield molecular oxygen and hydrogen peroxide. Cu/Zn superoxide dismutase also named as SOD1, is an enzyme encoded by the SOD1 gene in humans, located on chromosome 21. The SOD1 binds Cu and Zn ions and is one of three SODs responsible for destroying free superoxide radicals in the body. It has been shown to interact with CCS and Bcl-2. The malfunction of SOD1 may increase the risk of illnesses like age-related muscle mass loss (sarcopenia), early development of cataracts, macular degeneration, thymic involution, hepatocellular carcinoma, shortened lifespan, keratoconus and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.

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